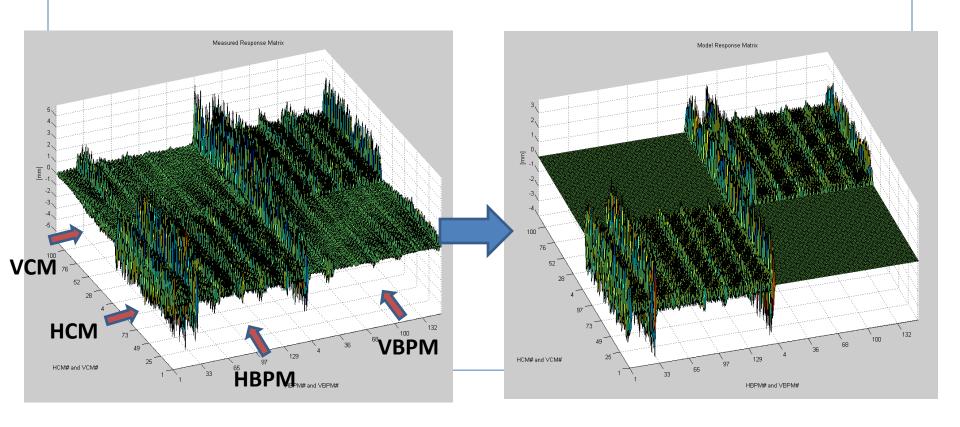
ORM for RHIC

Orbit Response Matrix Analysis to Correct Linear Optics

2011 APEX Workshop December 8, 2011 | Tasha Summers

The Goal of ORM

- Find and correct errors in storage ring linear optics
- Compare a measured orbit response matrix to the model
 - Fit parameters in model are adjusted until it matches measurement
 - Find BPM and corrector gains, quadrupole strengths



Generating Data

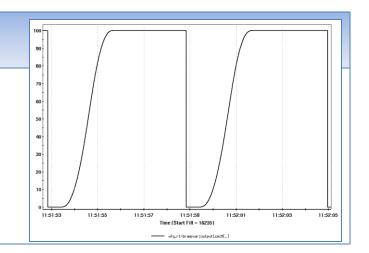
Generate list of correctors (117 per plane in each ring)

- calculate size of kick to get maximum response in arcs (1 mm)
- Measure Horizontal and Vertical planes separately
 - one plane in both Blue and Yellow rings can be done simultaneously

Old Method |#!/bin/tcsh -f ./orm.pl bi1-th3 yo1-th2 0.00774390321712892 0.00861864028163694 ./orm.pl bi1-th5 yo1-th4 0.0159724845810633 0.0239260469060398 ./orm.pl bi1-th7 yo1-th6 0.0206332325894713 0.0222427719537938 ./orm.pl bi1-th9 yo1-th8 0.0203054161524584 0.0208503309285232 ./orm.pl bi1-th11 yo1-th10 0.020621230686861 0.0204661661572301

New Method

- 50 minute measurement
 - wfgman is faster
- Limited by PS ramp rate and wait for new orbit data

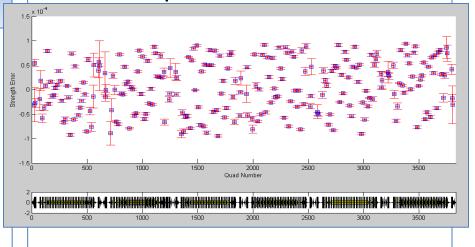


Simulation Proof of Principal

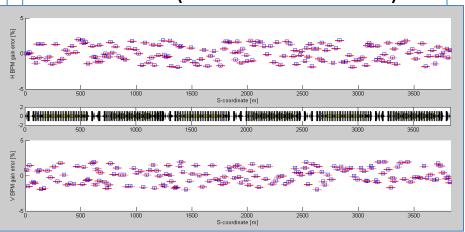
Au102 Blue Store (Jan 2010)

- Random ± 0.1 % Quad Errors
 With ± 2% BPM and Corrector
 Gain Errors
- No coupling
- 795 total singular values
 793 used in fit
 - 315 BPMS
 - 234 correctors
 - 246 quads
- Simulation converged perfectly after 5 iterations
- No problem resolving errors in the triplet quads

• Quadrupole fits:



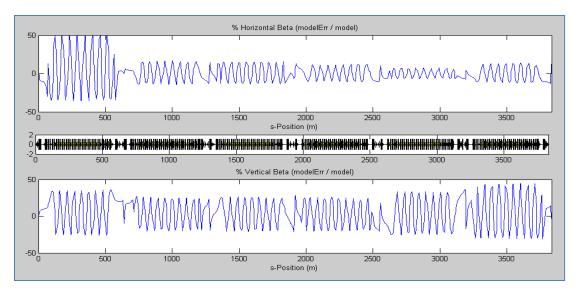
BPM fits (correctors similar):

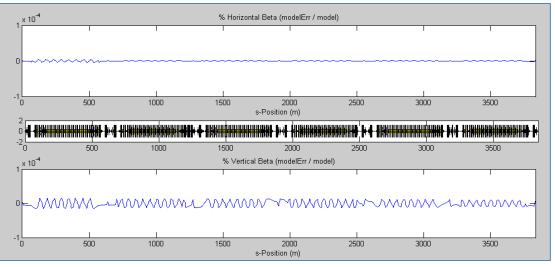


Simulation Proof of Principal

Initial Beta Beat Scale ± 50%

5th Iteration Scale ± 0.0001%

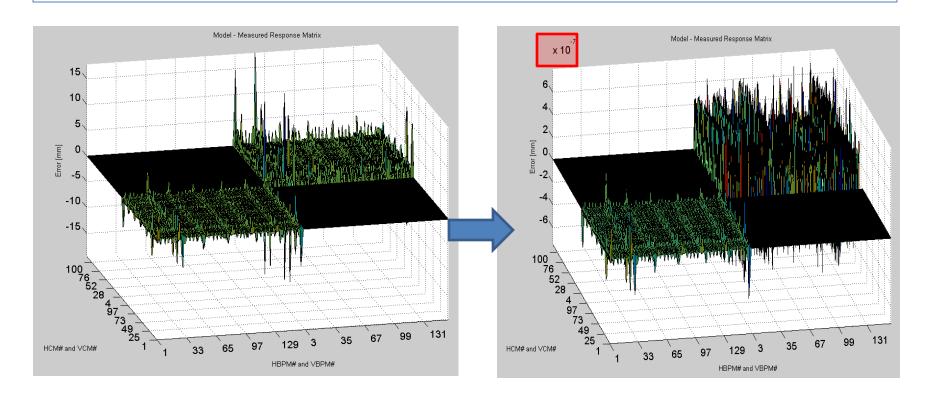




Simulation Proof of Principal

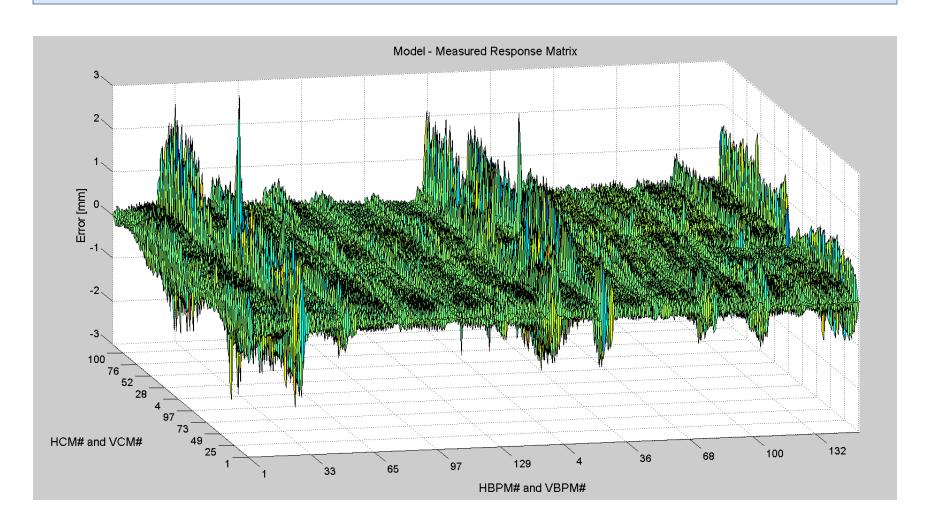
5 Iterations (10 minutes)

Fit all Quad, Corrector and BPM errors using 793 out of 795 singular values

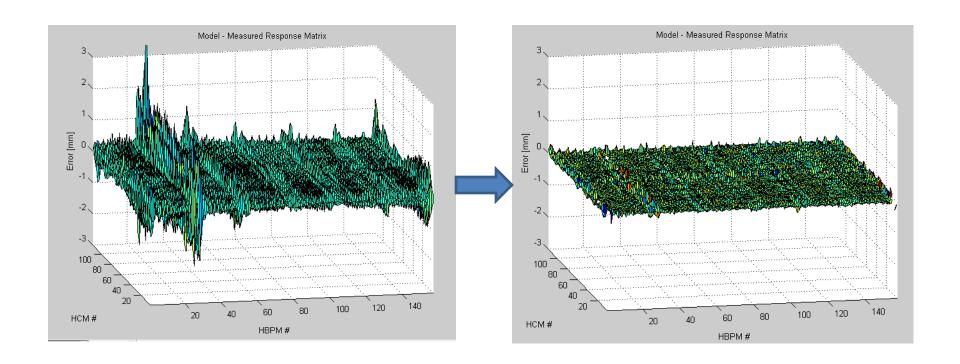


LOCO works perfectly with simulated errors for Au102 store model

Au102 Blue Store Jan 2010 – Initial Response Matrix Difference



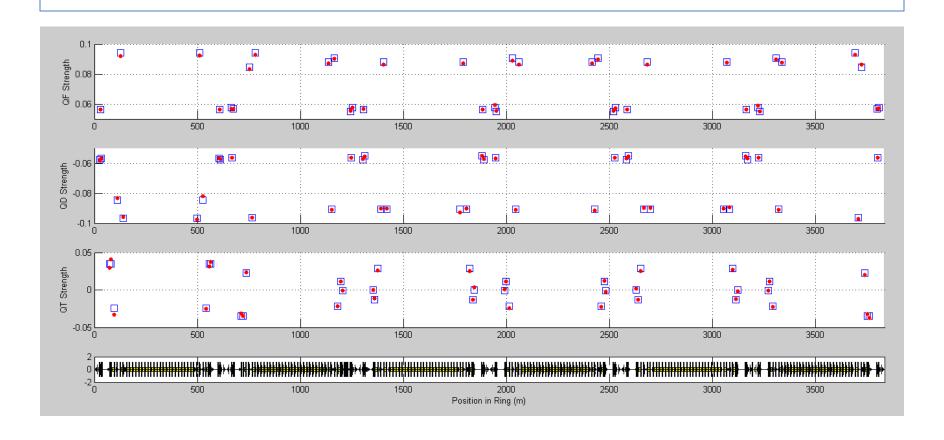
- Fit Insertion Quads 3 iterations
- Difference between model and measured matrices is much reduced
- Below shows HCM -> HBPM quadrant, vertical is similar



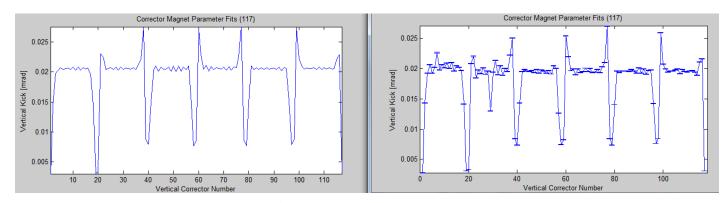
Fitting Quads 1-9 QF/QD/Qtrim

3 iterations reduces $\chi^2/d.o.f.$ from 167 to 16.4

Blue squares are initial strengths from online model, red dots are fits



- Fitting SQ3s: having trouble fitting these (work in progress)
 - Hope with new local coupling correction at IRs this will be more manageable (should be better with small β^* at injection as well)
- Fitting Corrector gains: all within a few percent except bi8-tv20 seems to be 40% low



 Fitting BPM gains: so far, solution diverges when added (also work in progress)

Sample Experiment

Machine and Time Requirements

- First measurement at injection
- Nominal bunch intensity, corrected tune & orbit
- ~ 1 hour setup and measurement (python scripts)
- Best case time to analyze: 30 minutes?
 - Matlab LOCO analysis:
 - get quad delta strengths (insertion QF/QD & SQ3)
 - » load into machine (python scripts)
 - get bpm and corrector gain factors (use for re-measurement)
- Re-measure response matrix to see if correction worked
- Measurements at store only if satisfied with results at injection

Summary

- Measurement will take less than half the time it used to
- Have python scripts (nearly) in place to do measurement and automatically log all relevant data (Al Marusic)
- More experience with setting up model for comparison getting good results with simulation
- Scripts (Matlab and Python) are being developed to apply corrections quickly so that a new orbit response can be taken
 - This can be analyzed offline to verify correction or try find what failed
- The machine state can be reverted by loading saved file from RampEditor.